

Fig. 8. Pleurothallis applanata Luer & Dalström.

Pleurothallis applanata Luer & Dalström, *sp. nov.* TYPE: ECUADOR. Morona-Santiago: epiphytic in forest north of Gualaquiza, alt. 1800 m, 17 Jan. 1986, *S. Dalström & T. Höijer 1060* (Holotype: MO). Fig. 8.

Inter species sectionis *Macrophyllae-Fascicu*latae planta mediocris caespitosa, ramicaulibus gracilibus folio ovato acuto cordato longioribus, floribus complanatis, sepalo dorsali elliptico acuto trinervo, synsepalo ovato subacuto, petalis angustissime triangularibus acutis integris, labello oblongo-ovato obtuso tenui minute verrucoso et columna applanata distinguitur.

Plant medium in size, epiphytic, caespitose; roots slender. Ramicauls slender, erect, 9-12 cm long, with a close, tubular sheath on the lower fourth and 2 other sheaths at the base. Leaf erect, coriaceous, ovate, acute, 5-7.5 cm long, 2.4-3.2 cm wide, the base sessile, cordate. Inflorescence a fascicle of successive, single, flat flowers, subtended by a spathe 6-7 mm long; peduncles 1-2 mm long, concealed within the sheath; floral bracts tubular, 4-5 mm long; pedicels 5 mm long; ovary 3.5 mm long; sepals brown, glabrous, the dorsal sepal elliptical, acute, 10 mm long, 3.6 mm wide, 3-veined, the lateral sepals connate into an ovate, subacute synsepal, 9.5 mm long, 6 mm wide, 6-veined; petals brown, narrowly linear-triangular, acute, entire, 6.75 mm long, 1 mm wide, 1-veined; lip dark purple, oblong-ovate, obtuse, 4.5 mm long, 2.2 mm wide, the surface slightly concave, diffusely minutely verrucose, the base subtruncate with a medium-sized glenion, flattened on the end with a short, deflexed claw, hinged to the column-foot; column flat with the surface of the lip, 1 mm long, 1.5 mm wide, the foot thick, obsolescent, with the anther, rostellum and stigma apical.

ETYMOLOGY: From the Latin *applanatus*, "flattened horizontally," referring to the column, flat with the lip.

Vegetatively this species of section *Macrophyllae-Fasciculatae* is similar to many others: an ovate, acute, cordate leaf borne by a longer ramical. The flowers are of average size for the section with an elliptical, acute, three-veined dorsal sepal as long as the wider, subacute synsepal. The petals are entire and subulate. The thin, flattened, oblong-ovate, minutely verrucose lip is slightly concave and it lies flat within a slightly concave synsepal. The most distinctive, flat column lies in the same plane as that of the surface of the lip.